

Composition: Tablets:

Each uncoated tablet contains Paracetamol 500 mg

Syrup:

Each 5 ml contain Paracetamol 120 mg (Alcohol Free)

Drops:

Each 1 ml contains Paracetamol 100 mg (Alcohol Free)

Properties:

The analgesic and antipyretic action of Paracetamol is clinically proven. Paracetamol acts centrally and peripherally by prostaglandin systhesis inhibition.

Indications:

Omol is indicated for the relief of mild to moderate pain, fever, headache, migraine, common cold, influenza, neuralgia,toothache, teething pains, rheumatic pain, muscular pain and menstrual pain.

Adults:
1-2 tablets of Omol 500 mg or 4 times a day, total daily dose not to exceed 8 tablets (4 gm of Paracetamol) per

Paediatric: Children 1-3 years: 5 ml of Omol syrup 3-4 times a day,

to a maximum of 4 doses
Children 3-6 years: 10 ml of Omol syrup 3-4 times a day, to a maximum of 4 doses

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Children 6-12 years: 10 ml - 20 ml of Omol syrup 3-4
times a day, to a maximum of 4 doses
Infants: 1/2 ml-1 ml of Omol Drops.
Infants under 3 months not recommended
or as directed by the physician

Frecautions; Since this product contains Paracetamol, do not take other medications containing Paracetamol. Product should be used with caution in patients with previous history of severe hepatic or renal dysfunction and in alcoholics.

Contraindications:
Omol is contraindicated in patients with known hypersensitivity to paracetamol.

Effects in Pregnancy & Breast Feeding:
As per FDA-USA classification Paracetamol is considered as pregnancy category 'B' Paracetamol is distributed in breast milk in amounts ranging from 0.1% to 1.85% of the maternal dose. Accordingly Breast Feeding mothers & pregnant women need to consult physician before taking the medication.

Paracetamol is generally well tolerated in recommended dosage, however rare incidences of skin reactions such as

urticaria have been reported. Acute pancreatitis reported after prolonged use.

Drug interaction:
The anticoagulant effect of warfarin may increase by large

doses of Paracetamol.

Concomitant use of Barbiturates and Tricyclic antidepressants may enhance the metabolism of paracetamol.

Overdosage and treatment:

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In excessive overdose, mor than 10 gm of Paracetamol, the drug may cause damage to the liver. Early symptoms such as general malaise, vomiting, nausea may be observed. In case of overdose, gastric lavage tollowed by intravenous, methionine or Nplasma Paracetamol levels. In case of suspected overdose, prompt medical attention is critical for adults as well as children even if you do not notice any signs or symptoms.

Storage: Tablets: Store below 30 °C, protected from light and

Syrup & Drop.: Store below 30°C, protected from light.

: Strip of 10's

: 60 ml & 100 ml

: 15 ml.

THIS IS A MEDICAMENT

- Medicament is a product which affects your health and its consumption contrary to instruction is dangerous for you.
- Follow strictly the doctor's prescription, the method of use and the instruction of the pharmacist who sold the medicament.
- The doctor and the pharmacist are experts in medicine, its benefits and risks.
- Do not by yourself interrupt the period of treatment pre-scribed for you.
- Do not repeat the same prescription without consulting your doctor.

Keep medicament out of the reach of children. Council of Arab Health Ministers Union of Arab Pharmacists

Manufactured by :

National Pharmaceutical Industries Co. (SAOG)

Street No 15, Rusayl Industrial Area,

Muscat, Sultanate of Oman.

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